IN THE CLAIMS

Please substitute the following claims for the pending claims with the same numbers respectively:

Claims 1-12 (Cancelled):

Claim 13 (Currently amended): [[The]] A semiconductor memory card ~~according to claim 12,~~ used by being connected to an access unit, comprising:

a host interface section which sends a control signal and data to said access unit and receives a signal from said access unit;

a nonvolatile memory which includes a plurality of nonvolatile memory chips and in which a plurality of continuous sectors is grouped to be a block as a minimum unit of data erasing;

a memory controller which is connected to each of said plurality of nonvolatile memory chips with a bidirectional bus and controls erasing, writing, and reading of data; and

a host information memory which temporarily stores a write speed mode given by said access unit,

wherein said memory controller performs, in parallel, writing with respect to said plurality of nonvolatile memory chips when the write speed mode stored in said host information memory is a high speed mode, and sequentially performs writing with respect to said plurality of nonvolatile memory chips when the write speed mode stored in said host information memory is a low speed mode.

Claim 14 (Cancelled):

Claim 15 (Currently amended): [[The]] A semiconductor memory ~~control~~ apparatus ~~according to claim 14,~~ used by being connected to an access unit, comprising:

a host interface section which sends a control signal and data to said access unit and receives a signal from said access unit;

a nonvolatile memory which includes a plurality of nonvolatile memory chips and in which a plurality of continuous sectors is grouped to be a block as a minimum unit of data erasing;

a memory controller which is connected to each of said plurality of nonvolatile memory chips with a bidirectional bus and controls erasing, writing, and reading of data; and

a host information memory which temporarily stores a write speed mode given by said access unit,

wherein said memory controller performs, in parallel, writing with respect to said plurality of nonvolatile memory chips when the write speed mode stored in said host information memory is a high speed mode, and sequentially performs writing with respect to said plurality of nonvolatile memory chips when the write speed mode stored in said host information memory is at a low speed mode.

Claim 16 (Cancelled):

Claim 17 (Currently amended): [[The]] A semiconductor memory control method according to claim 16, further in a semiconductor memory card having a nonvolatile memory which includes a plurality of nonvolatile memory chips and in which a plurality of continuous sectors is grouped to be a block as a minimum unit of data erasing and a host information memory for

temporarily storing a write speed mode given by an access unit,

said semiconductor memory control method comprising the steps of:

performing, in parallel, writing with respect to said plurality of nonvolatile memory chips when the write speed mode stored in said host information memory is a high speed mode, and

sequentially performing writing with respect to said plurality of nonvolatile memory chips when the write speed mode stored in said host information memory is a low speed mode.

Claims 18-23 (Cancelled):